Monitor RD-70
Service & Installation Manual

Note: Successful turnstile installation depends on reading this manual.

Please keep this service manual after installation. If an installation is done by a construction company or outside installer, please pass this book along to the end user. This book is required for maintenance, troubleshooting & repairs.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RD70 Material List</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RD70 Spec Sheet</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RD70 Dimensions</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RD70 Footprint</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Theory of Operation</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installation Instructions</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control Head Mechanical Overview</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control Head Configurations</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control Head Parts Breakdown</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control Head Parts List</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locking Bar Information</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shock Adjustment</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wiring Legend</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wiring Diagram</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RD70 Settings</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limit Switch Information</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance &amp; Cleaning</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Testing Procedures</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Troubleshooting</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ultrasonic Sensor Information</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warranty Information</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QTY</td>
<td>DESCRIPTION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Rotor Tree Assembly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Bottom Rotor Flange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Bottom Rotor Bearing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Standard Cage Panels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Special Cage Panel with ¾” Pins in the Top &amp; Bottom of One Exturision, This Cage Panel Will Be Used as the Service Panel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>¾” X 90” Support Rods (Threaded Both Ends) for Cage Panels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>¾” X 90” Support Rod Hollow (Threaded Both Ends) for Cage Panel for Access Control Conduit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3/8” X 5” Removable Bolt Type Flat Head Phillips Head Concrete Anchors for Bearing Flange Mounting to Floor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>5/16 x 1/2” Flat Head Screws to Secure Door Vanes Onto the Rotor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>as needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Canopy Plate Steel Frame with Aluminum Face</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Canopy Wrap 6” X 52 1/2” Aluminum (Cut to Fit in Field If Necessary)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Canopy Wrap 6” X 62 1/2” Aluminum (Cut to Fit in Field If Necessary)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>¾” Nuts for the Top of the Cage Panel Support Rods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>⅜” Control Head Nuts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>⅜” Washers for the Control Head</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>½” Lock Washers for the Control Head</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Control Head Preconfigured to Order Specifications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>External Mount Hydraulic Shock Absorber for Control Head</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>5/16 x 3/4 Button Head Cap Screws for External Shock Mounting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Rotor Cover Panels to Cover Rotor Between Door Vanes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>10 – 24 X ½” Flat Head Machine Screws for Rotor Cover Panels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>10 – 24 X ½” Flat Head Machine Screws for Canopy Wrap</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Aluminum Door Panels Constructed with Glass Windows and Stainless Steel Push Bar Handles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Canopy Lights with Lense and Fasteners</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ultrasonic Sensor Used as Wrong Way Sensor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Loop Recorder to Play Message in Case of Wrong Way Passage</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Monitor™ RD70 Series is a stylish 3-vane high security portal. It is designed for locations requiring improved visitor security or as the barrier between production and office areas. Instead of a traditional physical barrier to prevent passage in the wrong direction, the RD70 comes equipped with a high tech ultrasonic sensor. This sensor allows for a full door panel appearance while still enforcing standard turnstile passage flow.

RD70 shown with optical anti-tailgating
(entry side)

RD70 (exit side)

We’re the #1 Choice of Top Architects,
Security Pros and Engineers

For more than 30 years, Controlled Access has been the globally trusted name in pedestrian control equipment. Made in Ohio and shipped worldwide, we are the first choice of leading architects, facility managers, security consultants, and engineers. Whether your project requires high security full-height turnstiles, waist high units, or matching ADA accessible gates, Controlled Access is the secure choice. We’re experienced in access control systems, from card readers to biometric scanning, to give you the power to control access.
The Monitor™ RD70 Series
Full-Height Turnstile | Interior Application

Applications:
The Monitor™ RD70 Series is a full security card access, tamper-resistant revolving door that's designed for locations requiring improved visitor security or as the barrier between production and office areas.

Product Features:

Materials & Finishes:
• Various 6061 & 6063 extruded aluminum
• 3/16" scratch-resistant polycarbonate
• 1/4" clear tempered glass
• 7 & 11 gauge steel (mainframe/canopy)
• Anodized aluminum sheet, canopy wrap

Finish: Standard anodizing finish is clear. Also available in dark bronze. Other colors can be quoted upon request.

Assembly & Hardware:
• Major lower components pre-assembled with concealed spring pins and solid rods
• All exposed fasteners are stainless steel
• Canopy & outer cage panels secured to concrete with 3/4" thread rods, epoxied into concrete
• Rotor pivots on a sealed load runner bearing, secured with high strength plastic coupling anchored into concrete
• Door panels and cosmetic covers secured with flat head screws
• Minimum of 6" needed above canopy in order for canopy to be removed

Dimensions:
• Exterior Height: 91" (2311.4mm)
• Interior Height: 84" (2133.6mm)
• Diameter: 72.284" (1836mm)
• Pedestrian Clearance: 29.750" (755.6mm)

Operation Features
6500 Series Control Head:
• Auto-indexing (self-centering) with adjustable hydraulic shock suppression
• Hardened tool steel locking bars, cam and roller assemblies
• Permanently lubricated bearings
• Nearly universal integration to any number of access control systems
• Your choice on each electronic direction of locking or unlocking on power failure

RD70 Specific Features:
• Ultrasonic barrier detects if a presence enters the wrong area of the portal – and in that event, the turnstile will not allow the person to advance and will reverse allowing them only to exit thru the defined "unsecure" side.
• Audible message via loop recorder when ultrasonic sensor detects a presence
• Low voltage canopy lighting

Options:
• Card reader mounting plates
• Daylight visible indicator lights
• 8 digit key resettable LCD counter with seven year lithium battery
• Metal detection portal
• Custom height decorative aluminum top
• Optical anti-tailgating
• Additional options available upon request

Warranty:
Units are warranted against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year from date of delivery. See warranty information for specific details.

Electrical Specifications:
Input Voltage: 100-240 VAC
Input Current: 1.3 - .55 A
Frequency: 50/60 Hz
Storage Temperature: -4 to 158°F
Operating Temperature: 32 to 122°F
Operating Voltage: 24VDC
Operating Current: 1.2 A (typical)

* Dimensions are approximate

---

Controlled Access, Inc. is certified by Advantage International Registrar to be an ISO 9001:2015 company.

---

The Leader in Pedestrian Access Control
1636 West 130th Street
Brunswick, Ohio 44212
www.controlledaccess.com

PH: 330.273.6185 | Fax: 330.273.4468
Toll-Free Ph: 800.942.0829 | Toll-Free Fax: 800.942.0828
E-mail: sales@controlledaccess.com

---

0119
RD-70 Theory of Operation

The RD-70 security revolving door allows for an aesthetically pleasing solution to facility security. Unlike a traditional revolving door, the RD-70 remains locked until access control is presented. After one user passes through, the RD-70 will relock until another request to pass is presented. Traffic passes through on one side of the RD-70 from both directions much like a traditional turnstile. However, an ultrasonic sensor exists within the canopy to act as a digital barrier to allow a full revolving door feel.

The RD-70 can be configured for a multitude of functions. Upon loss of power, the door can be pre-configured in our factory to lock or unlock. One shot timers (which can be disabled if desired) come programmed directly into the control board. These one shot timers act as a buffer to prevent long signal lengths from card readers from allowing more than one person through on a single card swipe. An adjustable number of card swipes can be processed at a time, allowing for a quick flow of traffic through the unit. There is also an integrated fire alarm input which will unlock the RD-70 in both directions until the alarm condition is finished. The previously mentioned digital barrier can be configured to back the turnstile up in either direction upon sensing, forcing the person in the wrong area of the turnstile back out into the unsecure side of the RD-70. This sensor also has an adjustable sensing height as well as a time delay filter to ensure minimal false alarms.
1. PREPARATION

1.1 Put canopy plate on the ground where the turnstile will be installed.
1.2 Trace holes in canopy for cage rods as shown below.

1.3 Remove canopy and place aside for now
1.4 Drill twelve (12) ⅞” holes to a depth of 4” for the cage panel anchors
1.5 Clean holes and remove all debris (use nylon brush if necessary)
2. CAGE PANELS INSTALLATION

2.1 Place two (2) ¾" X 90" rods (threaded on both ends) through the hole in the cage extrusions. One (1) panel for each turnstile will be dedicated as a service panel that will be able to swing out. Therefore the service panel will only have one rod because the other side already has ¾” pins in the top and bottom. Each cage panel has two (2) extrusions, one on each end as shown below:

CAUTION: DO NOT FILL THE ⅞” ANCHOR HOLE THAT IS FOR THE SERVICE PANEL WITH EPOXY ANCHORING GEL. ONE (1) PANEL WILL BE ABLE TO SWING OUT TO ALLOW THE ROTOR TO BE PLACED LATER

2.2 Fill 11 of 12 7/8" anchor holes with Epoxy ⅓ full (not the service panel hole shown below (follow directions provided with epoxy anchoring gel)

2.3 There are six (6) cage panels for each turnstile, three (3) on each side as shown below. Each cage panel is made of two (2) extrusions. Two (2) extrusions total should be installed with hollow rods for card reader wiring access (if desired).

CAUTION: BE SURE THAT THE HOLLOW RODS ARE USED IN THE CORRECT EXTRUSIONS

2.4 Move cage panels in place and allow the ¾” cage panel support rods to drop into the anchor hole
2.5 Be sure to wipe up any epoxy that over flows as a result of the rod being placed in the hole
3. CANOPY INSTALLATION

3.1 Raise canopy plate above the cage panels

CAUTION: BE SURE THAT THE CANOPY IS PLACED IN THE CORRECT ROTATION SO THAT THE HOLE FOR THE WRONG WAY SENSOR IS ABOVE THE CORRECT AREA. SEE BELOW FOR CANOPY ORIENTATION

3.2 Line up correct holes with rods as shown below:

3.3 Allow canopy plate to come to rest on top of the cage panels with the support rods extending up through the holes

3.4 Place ¾” nut on the rod tops (do not tighten)

3.5 If necessary, shim cage panels in order to make turnstile level and square

3.6 Let the cage panels and the canopy set overnight so the epoxy anchor can cure
4. **ROTOR INSTALLATION**

4.1 After ensuring canopy is level (shimming as needed) drop a plumb bob from rotor hole in canopy to mark rotor location onto concrete floor.

4.2 Using the bearing flange as a template, mark three holes for 3/8" concrete anchors on center of plumb bob markings.

4.3 Drill 3/8" holes into concrete for anchors and clean them (with a brush if necessary)

4.4 Position rotor bottom flange and bearing on floor above holes

4.5 Insert three (3) ⅜” X 5” anchors into holes through bearing flange and tighten

4.6 Open the service panel by loosening the screws that are holding the pins at the top and bottom

4.7 Slide ¾” bottom pin up then tighten screw and slide the top pin down and tighten screw

4.8 Swing service panel open

4.9 Place the bottom of the rotor into the bottom flange and lift the canopy plate if necessary

4.10 Tighten the set screw at the bottom of the rotor, just above the 1” flange

4.11 Position the rotor so that the 1” protruding rods that are 120° apart are lined up as shown below:

---

**Top View Cage Panel & Rotor Layout**

**(Layout A)**

- 1” rotor bars
- Hole for Wrong Way Sensor
- Service Panel

**(Layout B)**

- 1” rotor bars
- Hole for Wrong Way Sensor

---

**Note:** It is important that the rotor is aligned so that the rotor bars are not lined up underneath the ultrasonic wrong way sensor.
4.10 Line up the Control Head as shown below:

Top View Cage Panel & Rotor Layout

4.11 Move turnstile rotor and bars to make sure that the vanes come to rest in the position shown above.

4.12 Fit the cam shaft of the control head down into the rotor with ⅜” studs protruding up through the control head on the four corners.

4.13 Place ⅜” washer and ⅜” lock washer and ⅜” nut on studs.

4.14 Tighten down ⅜” nuts to hold control head in place.

4.15 Add additional springs to index pin and studs near existing index pin springs.

4.16 Slide door vanes on to the 1” top and bottom bar with the tall metal extrusion kick plate toward the bottom.

4.17 To secure door vanes to rotor, screw flat head 5/16” screws in two (2) pre-drilled places along the top metal extrusion and into two (2) pre-drilled places along the bottom metal extrusion.

4.18 Place rotor cover panels between the door vanes as shown below and secure with twelve (12) 10–24 flat head machine screws into pre-drilled holes.

4.18 Close the service panel and re-secure the pins to hold the panel in place.
5. INSTALLATION OF THE CANOPY WRAP

5.1 There are four (4) canopy wraps to a canopy, two for each side. If installing into a wall, trim the canopy wrap to around the wall.

Fit canopy wrap as shown below:

5.2 Secure canopy wrap to the base of the canopy plate using 10-24 flat head machine screws in the existing holes on the canopy edges.

5.3 The shorter canopy wraps can be easily removed in the future for easier access to the control head.
6. **ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION**

6.1 Mount ultrasonic sensor (wrong way sensor) on it's aluminum bracket to the canopy plate using the 10/24 studs welded into the canopy. Utilize the provided 3/8" long nylon spacers for proper height and secure using 10/24 nuts.

6.2 Mount three (3) canopy lights using 10/24 studs and secure with 10/24 nuts.

6.3 Wire access control, fire alarm, ultrasonic sensor, control head, and lights per wiring diagram
6500 Series Control Head Mechanical Information

All of our turnstiles and ADA gates operate with a mechanism called the 6500 Series Control Head. This sturdy and easy to maintain drive for the turnstile has replaced all previous model control heads. It is adaptable to nearly any existing turnstile and comes with each new turnstile purchase. This control head can be configured in multiple ways to accommodate the security requirements of each individual job site.

An internal view of an electronically controlled two way 6500 series control head.

While the head can be configured for mechanical (no electronics) operation, a turnstile's security potential is reached in the case of an electronic two way control head. In this instance, each rotational direction is independently unlocked. Configured properly, a control head will allow for one rotation per valid entry request. Our anti-backup cams are designed so that it is mechanically impossible to become trapped within the turnstile when properly installed.

Each control head comes preconfigured to your specific needs based off of a directional sheet that is filled out before shipment. The heads are delivered pre-wired, tested and adjusted to our factory recommendations. Installation is simple: connect inputs from access control devices into the logic controller and plug the unit’s power supply into a 100-240 VAC (single phase) receptacle. The power supply will automatically set itself to function on your local voltage and convert it to 24VDC.
### 6500 Series Control Head Configurations

The 6500 Series Control Head can be configured in a number of different ways. All units operating with the 6500 Series Control Head self-center with a spring driven indexing pin and hydraulically shock to the home position to prevent damage or injury.

Various configurations are available to suit the needs of any environment. These include:

**Manual both ways:** Unit rotates freely in both directions. This unsecure configuration is used as a means to direct traffic through one area. Full height turnstiles can be also be purchased with an out of service lockout bar which would allow the end user to lock the turnstile with a standard pad lock.

**Manual one way:** Turnstile rotates in one direction but not the other. This is often used for egress only areas.

**Electronic one way with free exit:** Unit rotates freely in one direction but requires some form of access control in the other. This is a typical installation in many facilities that want to control who is entering but want egress to be free flowing.

**Electronic one way with no exit:** Turnstile is locked in both directions at all times, but in one direction can be unlocked with access control. Typically, this would be installed in scenarios where there is an alternate means of exiting the facility.

**Electronic two way:** Turnstile requires access control for both entering and exiting a facility. This configuration offers the highest level of security and also flexibility for installations.

**Fail lock:** Upon power failure, an electronically controlled direction would remain locked. This offers a high level of security but typically is not a good idea for egress unless alternate methods of exiting are available. Unless equipped with key overrides, this is can be easily converted to fail open by ordering alternate parts. This is also known as fail secure.

**Fail open:** Upon power failure, an electronically controlled direction would remain open. This is the most common configuration as it allows for secure access controlled passage in normal situations but in power outages it free wheels. Unless equipped with key overrides, this can be easily converted to fail lock by ordering alternate parts. This is also known as fail safe.

**Key overrides:** This option is available on either electronic or manual two way models. It can allow for a quick reconfiguration of free flowing passage or locking in either direction. The key override option is not intended for constant every day use. Should you require an additional lock-down feature on your turnstile, a better option (on a full height turnstile) is an out of service lockout with a standard pad lock. Note that the key override option makes conversion between fail lock and fail open very difficult to accomplish and also may not be available for some turnstile or gate models.
ALL ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS UL CERTIFIED

NOTE:
ALL WIRE AWG 18 GAUGE 300 VAC
UL 1007/1569

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYM</th>
<th>QTY</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1/4&quot;-20 x 1&quot; SOCKET HEAD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1/4&quot;Ø x 1 1/4&quot; SPRING PIN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1/8&quot;Ø x 5/8&quot; SPRING PIN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1/2&quot;Ø x 2 1/4&quot; DOWEL PIN</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WAIST HIGH UNITS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FULL HEIGHT UNITS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6500 SERIES CONTROL HEAD BOTTOM ASSEMBLY
Controlled Access, Inc.
1636 W. 130th St.
Brunswick, OH 44212
Phone: (800)942-0839
Fax: (800) 942-0828
Web: www.controlledaccess.com
Email: sales@controlledaccess.com

Complete control heads are available upon request. Contact us for pricing details.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Control Head Castings</th>
<th>Locking Bar Assemblies</th>
<th>Solenoid Springs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0373 - Bottom Casting</td>
<td>0382 - Fail Open Assembly</td>
<td>6510 - Fail Open Spring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$199.23</td>
<td>$82.47</td>
<td>$8.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0372 - Top Casting</td>
<td>0383 - Fail Lock Assembly</td>
<td>6016 - Fail Lock Spring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$199.23</td>
<td>$82.47</td>
<td>$8.18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shock Housing Assemblies</th>
<th>Hydraulic Shock Absorbers</th>
<th>Indexing Springs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6535 - WH/427/430/T80/ADA</td>
<td>6560 - WH/427/430/T80/ADA</td>
<td>1106 - Waist High (Light)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$171.59</td>
<td>$173.02</td>
<td>$5.91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6541 - 439/448/P60/HD</td>
<td>6561 - 439/448/P60/HD</td>
<td>1108 - Full Height (Heavy)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$180.21</td>
<td>$250.92</td>
<td>$5.91</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Locking Bar Linkages</th>
<th>Limit Switches</th>
<th>Limit Switch Cams</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0381 - Locking Bar Casting w/ Oil Impregnated Bushings</td>
<td>2180 - Standard (Z-15GW2-B7-K) $20.57</td>
<td>2267 - Standard $27.81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$39.69</td>
<td>$11.12</td>
<td>2268 - ADA $27.81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6519 - Fail Open $11.12</td>
<td>2269 - One-Way $27.81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6518 - Fail Lock $11.12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Control Head Bearings</th>
<th>Cam Assemblies</th>
<th>Proximity Sensor &amp; Accessories</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7208 - Bottom Casting (6007RSNR)</td>
<td>0401 - 427/430/T80/WH (7/8 Hex) $240.02</td>
<td>7211 - 24VDC PNP Prox. Sensor w/ M12 Connector (Sick 1040763) $82.62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$5.57</td>
<td>0402 - ADA (Must specify model) $211.12</td>
<td>0766 - 3 Branch M12 Splitter w/ 3x Mounts - LH, RH &amp; Home $135.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1641 - 1” ID for HD Top Castings &amp; All Pre-2018 Tops (1641-2RSNR)</td>
<td>0407 - 439/448/P60/HD (1.25” Hex) $264.81</td>
<td>6589 - Turnstile Prox. Bracket $10.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$6.71</td>
<td>0402 - ADA (Must specify model) $211.12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1640 - 7/8” ID for Standard Duty Top Castings (1640-2RSNR)</td>
<td>0402 - ADA (Must specify model) $211.12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$5.35</td>
<td>0402 - ADA (Must specify model) $211.12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Prices are subject to change without notice. Parts orders are shipped via UPS. Shipping costs are not included. All parts orders under a $500 require credit card payment. Date: 2/7/2019
6500 Series Control Head Locking Bar Information

The 6500 Series Control Head is built to order based on a direction set up sheet sent with each quote. This sheet defines how each direction of passage functions.

Direction 1 is defined as clockwise rotation on a full height or with the cabinet on the right for waist high. Direction 2 is defined as counter-clockwise rotation on a full height or with the cabinet on the left for waist high.

Possible configurations include: no passage, free passage (manual), fail lock and fail open. Fail lock and fail open are not field reversible without additional components.

“No passage” directions include a fail lock locking bar assembly as well as an unwired solenoid. This adds the appropriate parts to the control head to prevent it from rotating in that direction.

“Free passage” (or manual) directions remove the solenoid and locking bar assembly, allowing the cam to spin freely.

Each direction has a pair of holes on the locking bar and control head casting. These holes act as pivot points for the locking bar casting. The inner holes are fail lock and outer holes are fail open. A .5” dowel pin slides through the entire assembly to hold everything in place.

Alternate linkages and springs are needed to convert a direction’s power failure status.

If optional key overrides are included, it becomes much more difficult to re-arrange the configuration. Typically it is best to send the control head into the factory to reconfigure any key override equipped head to ensure everything is done correctly.
6500 Series Control Head Locking Bar Information (Continued)

The 6500 Series Control Head can be reconfigured from fail lock to fail open and vice versa. Extra components are required to do so.

If a control head has key overrides, we suggest sending it in for factory reconfiguration.

Locking bar assemblies are held together with 1/8” spring pins. Extracting these pins and reinstalling them can be tricky, so for convenience we also offer entire locking bar assemblies.

Replacing an entire locking bar assembly is simple; punch the .5” dowel pin from the pivot point through the head casting (via a small hole in the bottom casting for this purpose), pull out the old locking bar assembly and replace it with the new one.

If changing from fail lock to fail open or vice versa, install the dowel pin in the alternate hole.

Make sure the solenoid spring is between the alignment tabs on the linkage or the assembly may bind when pivoting.
6500 Series Control Head Shock Adjustment

Our turnstiles come with hydraulic shocks in order to alleviate wear on the control head. These shocks allow the turnstile to return to the center position without slamming into place. Although we adjust these in the factory, different environments may require additional field adjustment.

The shock is located adjacent to the index pin. The RD-70 uses a different shock than all of our other models due to the weight of the door panels. Instead of a threaded shock, the RD-70 uses an external mounted to a plate. This shock is adjusted with an allen key to turn a set screw. Although you should never need to replace it, the part number is 6547.
RD70 Wiring Legend (Gen 3.)

Each unit is built to order, pre-configured to function as specified at the time the order is placed. Some or all of the information listed may not be relevant to the installation.

Inputs are triggered with local 24VDC+ (also known as PNP or sourcing). Connect relay output from access control device to turnstile by terminating 24VDC+ to relay common and the desired input to the relay's normally open terminal.

Be sure to disconnect power before wiring the board for safety.

**Input Descriptions:**

+ : 24VDC+ Input from Power Supply
- : 24VDC - Input from Power Supply

I1: Direction 1 Input - Unlocks the rotor clockwise for one rotation or until the timer expires.
I2: Direction 2 Input - Unlocks the rotor counter clockwise for one rotation or until the timer expires.
I3: Fire Alarm Input - Unlocks the rotor in both directions for the duration of contact closure.
I4: Ultrasonic Input - Output from ultrasonic sensor terminates here, sets unit in alarm mode upon activation.
I5: Limit 1 Input - Detects clockwise rotation to lock unit after access control activation.
I6: Limit 2 Input - Detects counter clockwise rotation to lock unit after access control activation.
I7: Free Passage Input - Optional free passage sensor output terminates here, free passage setting must be defined.
I8: Piggyback Input - Optional piggyback alarm output terminates here, piggyback setting must be defined.
All other inputs unused.

**Output Descriptions:**

+ : Must be connected to 24VDC+

O1: Direction 1 Go Light Output - Activates CW overhead light to be green. Optional side light green wire also is terminated here unless the direction is free passage.
O2: Direction 1 Yield Light Output - Activates CW overhead light to be yellow. Optional side light yellow wire also is terminated here if the direction is free passage.
O3: Direction 1 Side Light Output - Depending on if the unit is equipped with a free exit sensor, this will output is for the (optional) side yellow LED (if controlled passage) or the (optional) side green LED (if free passage).
O4: Direction 2 Go Light Output - Activates CCW overhead light to be green. Optional side light green wire also is terminated here unless the direction is free passage.
O5: Direction 2 Yield Light Output - Activates CCW overhead light to be yellow. Optional side light yellow wire also is terminated here if the direction is free passage.
O6: Direction 2 Side Light Output - Depending on if the unit is equipped with a free exit sensor, this will output is for the (optional) side yellow LED (if controlled passage) or the (optional) side green LED (if free passage).
O7: Wrong Area Red Light Output - Turns the overhead light in the wrong area red while active in either direction.
O8: Alarm Lights - Turns all over head lights to alarm output mode to indicate the ultrasonic sensor detected that someone is in the wrong area of the portal or if the (optional) piggyback sensor detected piggybacking.
O9: Annunciator Pin 1 - Alone, this output sounds the annunciator to indicate the rotor should rotate clockwise. Together with OA, the message about the ultrasonic alarm is played.
OA: Annunciator Pin 2 - Alone, this output sounds the annunciator to indicate the rotor should rotate counter clockwise. Together with O9, the message about the ultrasonic alarm is played.

OF: Direction 1 Solenoid Output - Engages or disengages the direction 1 solenoid. Shared common to 24VDC+.
OG: Direction 2 Solenoid Output - Engages or disengages the direction 2 solenoid. Shared common to 24VDC+.
OH: Piggyback Sensor Trigger - This output is used to activate the (optional) piggyback sensor along with the common.
OJ: Not Used

Outputs on the XD26 are transistor PNP outputs. Outputs on the XR10 are relay outputs in which the first common is connected to 24VDC+. Voltage for other devices can be taken from this common terminal if needed.
RD70 Gen 3. Settings & Statistics

The logic controller on the RD70 has a text based menu screen to adjust settings and view statistics of the turnstile. Pressing the A button will cycle to each of the screens available on the device. Pressing B from any screen listed will return to the Home Screen.

**Home Screen**

This screen is at the start of the menu cycle. The top section will give a read out of inputs that are currently receiving voltage. The display will return to this screen after cycling through all windows, 5 minutes of inactivity or pressing the B button.

**Timer Values Screen**

This screen allows for the each directional timer to be modified. Select which value you wish to edit by pressing the + & - key. Press OK to select the value then press + or - to modify. Save by pressing the OK button again. Each timer can have a value of 1 - 60 seconds. The timer will be canceled upon rotation of unit.

**One-Shot Timers Screen**

This screen allows for the two one-shot timer settings to be enabled or disabled. This setting prevents access control from holding open a direction on the standard direction inputs. Toggle Direction 1 by pressing + and Direction 2 by pressing -. This should be set to “On” in almost every installation.

**Swipe Queue Screen**

This screen defines the maximum number of access control requests the unit will allow in queue. Each value can be set from between 1 (for maximum security) to 3 (for fast paced passage). The default is 2. The method to change these settings is the same as the Timer Values Screen.

**Ultrasonic Kickout Screen**

This screen designates which direction the unit will rotate in the event the ultrasonic sensor detects someone in the wrong area of the passage. Pressing + will toggle between CW and CCW.

**Ultrasonic Kickout Delay**

This screen defines how long the ultrasonic sensor must output before engaging the ultrasonic sensor’s alarm scenario.

**Solenoid Settings Screen**

This screen defines whether each solenoid is fail lock or fail open. Most installations are going to be fail open in both directions. Pressing + and - toggles each direction.

**Free Exit Sensor Screen**

This screen defines whether a free exit sensor is equipped on the unit and which direction it is equipped for. Pressing + cycles between not equipped, CW or CCW.

**Piggyback Sensor Screen**

This screen defines whether a piggyback detection sensor is equipped on the unit and which direction it is equipped for. Pressing + cycles between not equipped, CW or CCW>

The logic controller on the RD70 has a text based menu screen to adjust settings and view statistics of the turnstile. Pressing the A button will cycle to each of the screens available on the device. Pressing B from any screen listed will return to the Home Screen.

**Testing Mode Screen**

While this screen is active, the unit can be tested with push buttons to simulate access control inputs. See the page dedicated to testing for more information.

**Direction 1 Counts Screen**

This screen gives statistics about how many times direction 1 was activated and cycled. Since there is a limit to how many counts can be displayed, after 25000 cycles the first counter resets and adds to the second counter.

**Direction 2 Counts Screen**

This screen gives statistics about how many times direction 2 was activated and cycled. Since there is a limit to how many counts can be displayed, after 25000 cycles the first counter resets and adds to the second counter.

**Kickout Counts Screen**

This screen gives statistics about how many times the ultrasonic alarm scenario activated and cycled. Since there is a limit to how many counts can be displayed, after 25000 cycles the first counter resets and adds to the second counter.

**Piggyback Counts Screen**

This screen gives statistics about how many times the anti piggybacking scenario activated and cycled (if unit is equipped). Since there is a limit to how many counts can be displayed, after 25000 cycles the first counter resets and adds to the second counter.

**General Info Screen**

This screen displays when the PLC was initiated, the order number it was activated for (except for any revision suffixes which are not needed for order lookup), and the PLC software version.
6500 Series Control Head Limit Switch Information

Electronically controlled 6500 Series Control Heads utilize limit switches (or optionally, proximity sensors) in order to detect rotation. Depending on the type of unit (turnstile or ADA gate), the limit switch for a direction may be on the left or the right hand side of the control head.

**Turnstile Control Head**

Turnstile control heads use a triangular shaped limit switch cam. One point of the triangle needs to be facing the index pin (bar with two springs) when the cam is in the home position. The two indents in the sides of the triangle are for jigging purposes. It does not matter which point is facing to the springs.

The limit switch for direction 1 is on the right and the limit switch for direction 2 is on the left. In this configuration, the first limit switch triggered does not affect the unit. The second switch triggers after the half-way point of the rotation, which draws in the solenoid. This allows the rotation to go to home but prevents the rotor from backing in the other direction.

**ADA Gate Control Head**

ADA Gate control heads use an oblong lobe shaped limit switch cam. The point of the lobe needs to be facing the index pin (bar with two springs) when the cam is in the home position.

The limit switch for direction 1 is on the left and the limit switch for direction 2 is on the right. In this configuration, the limit switch relevant to the swing is triggered after the cam leaves home position, which re-engages the locking bar. The cam is still free to move until it swings back to the home position.

Options and configurations may alter the quantity or layout of the limit switches. Some examples of this would be electronically controlled one direction turnstiles, turnstiles with counters and turnstiles equipped with home position switches.
Maintenance & Cleaning

To ensure long life on any turnstile, the following maintenance is recommended. Note: these figures are assuming a maximum 75000 passages per year. Turnstiles with heavier traffic should be maintained more frequently.

Annual Servicing

- Secure all nuts & bolts throughout each model. This includes concrete anchors, carriage bolts holding together mainframes, and the bolts holding the control head assembly together.
- Remove the index pin assembly from the control head by disconnecting the two extension springs & apply white lithium grease. Use 3-in-1 oil on the index pin roller.
- If the unit is a High Security series full height turnstile, add grease to the rotor's roller bearing by utilizing the grease fitting fastened into the bottom of the rotor.

Biennial Servicing

- Disassemble the control head by removing the 4x socket head cap screws holding the top casting to the bottom casting (and the triangular limit switch cam if equipped).
- Clean any loose debris / grease from the inside of the casting.
- Inspect internal components for wear and replace as needed.
- Apply 3-in-1 oil to the bronze bushings on the locking bar assemblies and shock piston.
- Apply white lithium grease to the shock piston where it enters the bronze housing.
- Reassemble the control head assembly, using removable strength (typically blue) thread sealer (such as Loctite 243) on the head bolts to ensure the assembly stays together.

Cleaning

- Galvanized surfaces can be cleaned with soap and water. The finish may dull over time, but this is normal.
- Powder coated surfaces should be cleaned with a non-abrasive cleaner such as Formula 409. Inspect finish for chips and touch up as needed or the exposed steel may rust.
- Stainless steel surfaces should be polished with a stainless steel wax or polish. Contrary to common belief, stainless steel is not rust proof. Exposure to certain chemicals and harsh environments such as ocean air or chemical plants may cause surface corrosion. Minor discoloration can be removed with a rust penetrating product (such as PB Blaster) along with non-scratching scouring pads. Severe cases of contamination may require the use of specialty products. We have had great success with products such as Stellar Solutions’ Citrisurf 2310 Rust Remover and Passivation Solution.
- The decorative solid surface tops on our Executive models, Beacon models and some PassThru models should be polished with furniture polish (such as Scott’s Liquid Gold Wood Cleaner). Allowing the product to soak into the material for a few minutes easily restores the surface's luster.
- Polycarbonate plastic should only be cleaned following the plastic manufacturer’s recommendations. **DO NOT USE ANY PRODUCTS THAT INCLUDE AMMONIA OR OTHER HIGH PH PRODUCTS.** If the model purchased includes polycarbonate plastic, see the section of the manual dedicated to cleaning it (starting on the next page). Failure to use appropriate cleaning methods will cause aesthetic and structural damage to the plastic which will not be covered under the warranty.

Control heads can be removed from the turnstile and shipped to the factory at any time for repairs and maintenance. Please include contact information so we can call to discuss any issues your control head may have. Please note that any repairs that cost under $500.00 will require a credit card payment before being returned.
Makrolon® Cleaning Instructions

Periodic cleaning of Makrolon® polycarbonate, using correct procedures with compatible household cleaners, is recommended to prolong the service life of your material.

Makrolon® GP polycarbonate has a relatively soft surface that mars easily with wiping action. Makrolon 15, Makrolon AR, and Hygard sheets are hard coated, abrasion/mar resistant polycarbonate products that offer a higher degree of scratch resistance and surface hardness. These products provide superior protection against unintentional chemical attack. However, the use of abrasive, gritty cleaners and/or hard cleaning implements (e.g. hard brushes, scrapers, squeegees) should be avoided to eliminate the possibility of scratching the surface coating.

The following cleaning techniques are based on standard industry practices.

**General Cleaning:**
1) Thoroughly pre-rinse with warm water to loosen and wash away surface material, grit and grime.
2) Using a soft microfiber cloth or moist non-abrasive sponge, gently wash with a mild diluted soap or detergent.
3) Rinse thoroughly with lukewarm clean water. To prevent water spots, thoroughly dry the glazing with a dry soft cloth.

**Removing Heavy Oils and Tars:**
1) Thoroughly pre-rinse with warm water to loosen and wash away surface material, grit and grime.
2) With a 50/50 isopropyl alcohol-water mixture, gently rub the area with a soft non-abrasive cloth.
3) Immediately rinse thoroughly with lukewarm clean water. To prevent water spots, thoroughly dry the glazing with a dry soft cloth.

**Removing Graffiti, Paint, Marker, Inks and Glazing Compounds:**
1) Thoroughly pre-rinse with warm water to loosen and wash away surface material, grit and grime.
2) Using Naphtha VM&P grade, Isopropyl Alcohol or Butyl Cellosolve, gently rub the area with a soft non-abrasive cloth. Do not apply solvent cleaners under direct sunlight or during high temperatures.
3) Immediately rinse thoroughly with lukewarm clean water. To prevent water spots, thoroughly dry the glazing with a dry soft cloth.

**Removing Adhesive backed Labels:**
1) Isopropyl Alcohol, Naphtha VM&P grade or Kerosene will help lift stickers and adhesives.
2) Immediately rinse thoroughly with lukewarm clean water. To prevent water spots, thoroughly dry the glazing with a dry soft cloth.

**Compatible Cleaners**
The following cleaning agents are compatible with Makrolon Polycarbonate Sheet products when used according to the manufacturer’s recommendations:
- Top Job, Joy®
- Palmolive Liquid®
- Windex® Ammonia free
[Top Job and Joy are registered trademarks of Proctor & Gamble, Palmolive is a registered trademark of Colgate Palmolive, Windex is a registered trademark of Drackett Products Company]

**Points to Remember**
Do not use abrasive cleaners.  
Do not use high alkaline cleaners (high pH or ammoniated).  
Do not leave cleaners sitting on polycarbonate for periods of time; wash off immediately.  
Do not apply cleaners under direct sunlight or at elevated temperatures.  
Do not clean your polycarbonate with any unapproved cleaners. When in doubt, seek guidance.  
Using scrapers, squeegees, razors or other sharp instruments may permanently scratch your polycarbonate.  
Always avoid dry rubbing/cleaning your polycarbonate, as sand and dust particles clinging to the exterior of the glazing may scratch its surface.  
An Anti-Static Canned-Air Ionizer can reduce electrostatic charge buildup on polycarbonate, consequently reducing dirt and dust buildup that would hinder cleaning.

**Special Note:**
The edges of your polycarbonate sheet are not protected with an abrasion and chemical resistance hard coating. Do not allow cleaning solutions and solvents to pool along the edges for any length of time. Always rinse edges thoroughly with generous amounts of lukewarm clean water.

**Removing scratches from Makrolon polycarbonate sheet/window**
Deep scratches and gouges made by sharp objects such as keys, screwdrivers, and knives cannot be repaired. Fine scratches may be reduced in severity or cosmetically hidden by using a buffing compound such as NOVUS 2 Plastic Fine Scratch Remover, followed by a cleaning and polishing agent like NOVUS 1. However, for abrasion resistant coated products such as Makrolon AR, Makrolon 15 and Makrolon FC, buffing their abrasion resistant coated surface is not recommended because doing so further damages the coating and these scratched sites worsen the condition. Once removed, the coating cannot be repaired and buffing sites may optically distort the window.
6500 Series Control Head w/ XD10 Controller Standard Turnstile Testing

The XD10 logic controller on the 6500 Series Control Head can be activated by contact closures between 24VDC+ and the relevant input. New technology allows for simpler on-board testing as well. To diagnose issues with the unit, press A on the keypad to cycle between screens until the testing mode screen appears.

Testing mode simulates valid access control inputs based on the settings defined on the other menu screens. The unit should unlock for the duration of the directional timer or until the unit is rotated. If the button is pressed twice, it should allow two rotations or time out based on the mult-swipe setting. If the button is held and the one shot timers are disabled, the unit will continue to remain open until the button is released and another rotation or timeout occurs.

With the testing mode screen open, press and release + to activate in direction 1. The unit should unlock and allow one rotation. If the unit successfully functions this way, repeat the same for direction 2 by pressing the - button.

If everything is functioning properly from the menu test but not with access control, either access control is not connected properly, is normally closed instead of normally open, or is not properly configured. Contact a security integrator for assistance with help with the access control system.

If the unit successful unlocks but does not re-lock upon rotation, try to manually trigger the appropriate limit switch for the direction that is not working correctly. If this helps, it is likely that the limit switch is not properly being triggered by the limit switch cam. Either adjust the height of the limit switch cam or tweak the lever on the limit switch a bit closer to the limit switch cam’s tip.

If the unit does not successfully re-lock after manually triggering the limit switch, ensure that it is wired properly. Return to the home screen and press / hold the limit switch. If the switch is being held but the “Active Pins“ display does not include the switch being held, it may be necessary to replace the switch. Note that there is a short delay from when the switch is triggered to when the display will register it as active, however this is normal.

If there are other issues with operation, check out the troubleshooting guide for additional diagnostic procedures or call Controlled Access, Inc. for assistance.
# 6500 Series Control Head w/ XD10 Controller Troubleshooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptoms</th>
<th>Causes</th>
<th>Solutions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Turnstile does not power up or logic controller’s display cycles on and off.</td>
<td>Power supply is not receiving input voltage.</td>
<td>Verify outlet receptacle installed in mainframe / cabinet is operating correctly and that the power supply is plugged in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Power supply is not producing 24VDC voltage, but is receiving AC.</td>
<td>Remove + lead from power supply output. If output voltage resumes, there is a short circuit in the wiring. If not, the power supply is faulty. Replace power supply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Short circuit in the wiring as determined in previous step.</td>
<td>Refer to pages 23-24 for wiring information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Loose wiring from power supply to logic controller.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Short circuit in the wiring.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Solenoid(s) burnt out (will occur if main AC voltage is connected directly to solenoid).</td>
<td>If wiring is correct, try to disconnect the solenoids from outputs 01 - 04. If system stops cycling, replace faulty solenoid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Solenoid tabs grounded out against control head casting after being reassembled from maintenance or reconfiguration.</td>
<td>Disassemble control head casting and flip solenoids so that the tabs with wires are facing away from the center of the control head casting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnstile powers up but does not respond.</td>
<td>Solenoid (-) wire(s) not properly terminated.</td>
<td>Ensure solenoid negative wires are properly terminated to 24VDC- input and that the 3 wire splice (if equipped) is properly crimped.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Improper wiring from access control to logic controller.</td>
<td>Ensure one leg of access control output relay is connected to 24VDC + and the other to the desired input.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Access control device malfunction.</td>
<td>Disconnect access control from logic controller. Preform testing procedures on page 31. If the turnstile works properly, contact manufacturer of access control device.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# 6500 Series Control Head w/ XD10 Controller Troubleshooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptoms</th>
<th>Causes</th>
<th>Solutions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>More than one person can get through turnstile.</td>
<td>Access control device output connected to override inputs.</td>
<td>Wire access control to I1 or I2 with one-shot timer enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Access control device output set too long.</td>
<td>This can be avoided by enabling the one-shot timers built into the logic controller program. If this is undesirable, ensure the output from the access control system is one second or less.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Loose wiring to the logic controller from limit switches.</td>
<td>Refer to pages 23-24 for wiring information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Limit switches are broken.</td>
<td>Inspect limit switches for breakage, replace as needed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Control head requires maintenance.</td>
<td>Refer to page 28 for more information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Limit switches are missing the triangular top cam.</td>
<td>Adjust the top cam to the proper height and/or tweak the triggers on the limit switch. Refer to page 27 for more information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>People are becoming trapped inside of the turnstile (Full Height models)</td>
<td>Rotor was installed backwards.</td>
<td>Refer to page 4 installation for visual diagram on how to install rotor properly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnstile only rotates 30 degrees.</td>
<td>Limit switches wired incorrectly.</td>
<td>Refer to pages 23-24 for wiring information and page 27 for limit switch placement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Limit switch cam is misaligned.</td>
<td>The top cam should have one point facing the control board. If this is not the case, readjust the top cam. Refer to page 27 for top cam information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unit remains unlocked until access control is presented.</td>
<td>Fail open / fail lock configuration is wired incorrectly.</td>
<td>Refer to pages 23-24 for wiring information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnstile is slamming into the closed position.</td>
<td>Shock either needs adjusted or replaced.</td>
<td>Refer to page 22 for more information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnstile is not centering properly.</td>
<td>Shock needs adjusted.</td>
<td>Ensure mainframe is level and the rotor is plumb. Shim the unit from the floor if necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnstile seems to be binding mechanically.</td>
<td>Rotor is not plumb / turnstile body is not level.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# 6500 Series Control Head w/ XD10 Controller Troubleshooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptoms</th>
<th>Causes</th>
<th>Solutions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unit remains locked after access control is presented until arm is pulled in.</td>
<td>Mechanical bind between locking bar and cam assembly (typically from unit being out of plumb or not level)</td>
<td>Remove locking bar assembly from control head (easiest way on non-key lock models is to punch out dowel pin pivot point from bottom side of head casting) and file down tip of locking bar to give clearance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnstile rotating the wrong direction.</td>
<td>Improperly filled out direction sheet.</td>
<td>In some cases, the control head can be reconfigured in the field to operate as needed. Refer to pages 16-21 for information about how the control head operates. If needed, control heads can be returned to the factory for reconfiguration for a fee of labor plus parts (if required). Please contact us before returning a control head in this instance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnstile fails lock when needed to fail open or vice versa.</td>
<td>Improperly filled out direction sheet.</td>
<td>Refer to wiring legend on page 23 for direction port explanations. Refer to page 20 for more information. Additional parts will be required to convert operation. The control head can be returned for reconfiguration for a fee of labor plus parts (if required). Please contact us before returning a control head in this instance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unable to hold direction open to allow multiple people to pass through the turnstile.</td>
<td>Override wired to incorrect inputs.</td>
<td>Ensure the access control device dedicated to overriding passage is wired to the override input instead of the standard input for that direction. Disable the one-shot timer settings on the logic controller. Be sure that your access control output is one second or less during regular secure operation or extra people may be able to pass through. Refer to pages 25-26.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other problems.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Please contact us for any other issues.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
U-GAGE® T30UX Series with Discrete Output

Ultrasonic Sensor with TEACH-Mode Configuration

- 1, 2 and 3 m (3.28, 6.56, and 9.84 ft) versions with short dead zones (10% of max range)
- Built-in temperature compensation
- Fast, easy-to-use TEACH-Mode programming; no potentiometer adjustments
- Remote TEACH for security and convenience
- Wide operating temperature range of −40° to +70° C (−40° to +158° F)
- Outputs can be set for either NPN (sinking) or PNP (sourcing), Normally Open (N.O.) or Normally Closed (N.C.)
- Compact, self-contained, right-angle sensor package with fully encapsulated electronics

Models

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Models</th>
<th>Range and Frequency</th>
<th>Cable¹</th>
<th>Discrete Output</th>
<th>Response Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>T30UXDA</td>
<td>100 mm to 1 m (3.9 in to 39 in) 224 kHz</td>
<td>Standard 2 m (6.5 ft) cable 10 to 30V dc</td>
<td>NPN, PNP, NO, NC, Selectable</td>
<td>45 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T30UXDB</td>
<td>200 mm to 2 m (7.8 in to 78 in) 174 kHz</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>92 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T30UXDC</td>
<td>300 mm to 3 m (11.8 in to 118 in) 114 kHz</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>135 ms</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WARNING: Not To Be Used for Personnel Protection

Never use this product as a sensing device for personnel protection. Doing so could lead to serious injury or death. This product does NOT include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A sensor failure or malfunction can cause either an energized or de-energized sensor output condition.

¹ Only standard 2 m (6.5 ft) cable models are listed. For 4-Pin Euro-Style integral QD, add suffix “Q8” to the model number (for example, T30UXDAQ8). For 150 mm (6 in) PUR pigtail cable with 4-Pin threaded Euro-Style QD, add suffix “QPMA” to the model number (for example, T30UXDAQPMA). For 9 m (30 ft) cable, add suffix “W/30” to the model number (for example, T30UXDA W/30). A model with a QD connector requires a mating cable; see Quick-Disconnect Cables on page 11.
Overview

The U-GAGE® T30UX is an easy-to-use ultrasonic sensor with extended range and built-in temperature compensation. Simple push button configuration provides flexibility for a variety of applications.

Easy-to-see indicator LEDs communicate the status of the sensor. The Green “Power” LED ON indicates that the sensor is in Run Mode (the sensor’s normal operating condition). The Red “Signal” LED indicates the target signal strength. The Amber “Output” LED indicates that the output is enabled and the sensor is receiving a signal within the window limits (depending on NO or NC). The Amber “Mode” LED indicates the currently selected mode.

Figure 1. Features

Principles of Operation

Ultrasonic sensors emit one or multiple pulses of ultrasonic energy, which travel through the air at the speed of sound. A portion of this energy reflects off the target and travels back to the sensor. The sensor measures the total time required for the energy to reach the target and return to the sensor. The distance to the object is then calculated using the following formula:

\[ D = \frac{ct}{2} \]

- \( D \) = distance from the sensor to the target
- \( c \) = speed of sound in air
- \( t \) = transit time for the ultrasonic pulse

To improve accuracy, an ultrasonic sensor may average the results of several pulses before outputting a new value.

Temperature Effects

The speed of sound is dependent upon the composition, pressure and temperature of the gas in which it is traveling. For most ultrasonic applications, the composition and pressure of the gas are relatively fixed, while the temperature may fluctuate.

In air, the speed of sound varies with temperature according to the following approximation:

In metric units: \[ C_{m/s} = 20 \sqrt{273 + T_C} \]

- \( C_{m/s} \) = speed of sound in meters per second
- \( T_C \) = temperature in °C

In English units: \[ C_{ft/s} = 49 \sqrt{460 + T_F} \]

- \( C_{ft/s} \) = speed of sound in feet per second
- \( T_F \) = temperature in °F

Temperature Compensation

Changes in air temperature affect the speed of sound, which in turn affects the total time for the echo measured by the sensor. An increase in air temperature shifts both sensing window limits closer to the sensor. Conversely, a decrease in air temperature shifts both limits farther away from the sensor. This shift is approximately 3.5% of the limit distance for a 20° C change in temperature.

The T30UX series ultrasonic sensors are temperature compensated. This reduces the error due to temperature by about 90%. The sensor will maintain its window limits to within 2.2% over the -40° to +70° C (~-40° to +158° F) operating range of the sensor.

NOTE:
- Exposure to direct sunlight can affect the sensor's ability to accurately compensate for changes in temperature.
- If the sensor is measuring across a temperature gradient, the compensation will be less effective.
Sensor Configuration

Two TEACH methods may be used to configure the sensor:

- Teach individual minimum and maximum limits, or
- Use Auto-Window feature to center a sensing window around the taught position.

The sensor may be configured either via its push button, or via a remote switch. Remote configuration also may be used to disable the push button, preventing unauthorized personnel from adjusting the configuration settings. To access this feature, connect the white wire of the sensor to 0V dc, with a remote configuration switch between the sensor and the voltage.

Configuration is accomplished by following the sequence of input pulses. The duration of each pulse (corresponding to a push button “click”), and the period between multiple pulses, are as "T": \(0.04 \text{ seconds} < T < 0.8 \text{ seconds}\)

Remote line configuration requires a greater than 1 second pause between pulse sequences.

Mode Setup - Output Configuration

Sensors can be set up for either NPN (sinking) or PNP (sourcing). In addition, the user can select between Normally Open (N.O.) and Normally Closed (N.C.) operation. Normally Open is defined as the output energizing when the target is present. Normally Closed is defined as the output energizing when the target is absent (see Figure 2. Teaching independent minimum and maximum limits on page 4).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mode Setup - Output Configuration</th>
<th>Push Button</th>
<th>Remote Line</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Procedure</strong></td>
<td>0.04 sec. &lt; “click” &lt; 0.8 sec.</td>
<td>0.04 sec. &lt; T &lt; 0.8 sec.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Result</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Output Configuration Mode</strong></td>
<td>Push and hold MODE push button for &gt; 2 seconds</td>
<td>Power LED: OFF Mode LED: Flashing Amber shows previously selected mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Select Output</strong></td>
<td>&quot;Click&quot; the MODE push button to cycle to correct selection:</td>
<td>Power LED: OFF Mode LED: Flashes to indicate currently selected mode (120 second time out)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- NPN - Normally Open</td>
<td>- Single-pulse for NPN - Normally Open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- NPN - Normally Closed</td>
<td>- Double-pulse for NPN - Normally Closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- PNP - Normally Open</td>
<td>- Triple-pulse for PNP - Normally Open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- PNP - Normally Closed</td>
<td>- Quad-pulse for PNP - Normally Closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Save and Activate Mode</strong></td>
<td>Push and hold MODE push button for &gt; 2 seconds</td>
<td>Power LED: ON Green Mode LED: ON Amber for selected mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Power LED: ON Green Mode LED: ON Amber for selected mode</td>
<td>No action required; sensor will return to Run Mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Teaching Minimum and Maximum Limits

General Notes on Teaching

- The sensor will return to RUN mode if the first TEACH condition is not registered within 120 seconds after the initial 2 second hold on the Discrete push button.
- To exit TEACH mode without saving any changes, press and hold the Discrete push button or remote line longer than 2 seconds (before teaching the second limit). The sensor will revert to the last saved limits.

---

2 The sensor will revert to previously saved configuration and return to RUN mode if TEACH is inactive for 120 seconds after the initial 2 second hold on push button.
After the first limit is taught, the sensor will remain in TEACH mode until the TEACH sequence is finished or exited by a 2 second hold on the Discrete push button or remote line.

![Figure 2. Teaching independent minimum and maximum limits](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Procedure</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Procedure</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>TEACH Mode</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Remote Line</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Push and hold the Discrete push button longer than 2 seconds | Power LED: OFF  
Output LED: ON | No action required; sensor is ready for first limit teach | None |
| **Teach First Limit** | | | |
| Position the target for the first limit (120 second time out) | Signal LED: Must be ON Red or Flashing Red | Position the target for the first limit | Signal LED: Must be ON Red or Flashing Red |
| “Click” the Discrete push button | Teach Accepted  
Power LED: OFF  
Output LED: Flashing  
Teach Not Accepted  
Output LED: ON | Single-pulse the remote line | Teach Accepted  
Power LED: OFF  
Output LED: Flashing  
Teach Not Accepted  
Power LED: ON |
| **Teach Second Limit** | | | |
| Position the target for the second limit (no time out) | Signal LED: Must be ON Red or Flashing Red | Position the target for the second limit (no time out) | Signal LED: Must be ON Red or Flashing Red |
| “Click” the Discrete push button | Teach Accepted  
Output LED: ON or OFF, depending on NO or NC Mode  
Power LED: ON  
Teach Not Accepted  
Output LED: Flashing  
Power LED: OFF | Single-pulse the remote line | Teach Accepted  
Output LED: ON or OFF, depending on NO or NC Mode  
Power LED: ON  
Teach Not Accepted  
Output LED: Flashing  
Power LED: OFF |

---

3 Sensor will not Teach or indicate “Teach Not Accepted” when there is no signal present (Signal LED Red or Flashing Red)
Teaching Limits Using the Auto-Window Feature

Teaching the same limit twice automatically centers a window on the taught position (see Figure 4. Window Size on page 5 for window sizes).

General Notes on Teaching

- The sensor will return to RUN mode if the TEACH condition is not registered within 120 seconds after the initial 2 second hold on the Discrete push button.
- To exit TEACH mode without saving any changes, press and hold the Discrete push button or remote line longer than 2 seconds (before teaching the second limit). The sensor will revert to the last saved limits.
- After the first limit is taught, the sensor will remain in TEACH mode until the TEACH sequence is finished or exited by a 2 second hold on the Discrete push button or remote line.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Normally Open Operation</th>
<th>Normally Closed Operation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Taught Position</td>
<td>Taught Position</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Position</td>
<td>Position</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output OFF</td>
<td>Output OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output ON</td>
<td>Output ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Output OFF</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 3. Using the Auto-Window feature for teaching each output

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Models</th>
<th>Window</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;A&quot; suffix</td>
<td>± 10 mm (0.4 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;B&quot; suffix</td>
<td>± 20 mm (0.8 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;A&quot; suffix</td>
<td>± 30 mm (1.2 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 4. Window Size

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Push Button 0.04 sec. &lt; “click” &lt; 0.8 sec.</th>
<th>Remote Line 0.04 sec. &lt; T &lt; 0.8 sec.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Procedure</td>
<td>Result</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEACH Mode</td>
<td>Push and hold the Discrete push button longer than 2 seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Output LED: ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teach First Limit</td>
<td>Position the target for the center of window (120 second time out)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Click” the Discrete push button</td>
<td>Teach Accepted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Power LED: OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Output LED: Flashing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Teach Not Accepted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Output LED: ON or OFF, depending on NO or NC Mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Re-Teach Limit

- Without moving the target, “click” the Discrete push button again
- Teach Accepted
- Output LED: ON or OFF, depending on NO or NC Mode
- Without moving the target, single-pulse the remote line again
- Teach Accepted
- Output LED: ON or OFF, depending on NO or NC Mode

⁴ Sensor will not Teach or indicate “Teach Not Accepted” when there is no signal present (Signal LED Red or Flashing Red)
Remote Line TEACH

General Notes

- Run Mode is the sensor’s normal operating condition
- The duration of each Pulse is defined as \( T: \ 0.04 < T < 0.8 \ s \)
- A Hold will exit TEACH MODE and return to Run Mode with previously saved changes. The duration of a Hold is: \( T > 2 \ s \)
- A Timeout will occur if a condition is not registered within 120 seconds, causing the sensor to return to Run Mode (during sensor configuration only)
- Sensor configuration user feedback shown on Green LED. See flowchart.
- The Red Signal LED will be ON whenever the target is in view.
Specifications

Sensing Range
“A” suffix models: 100 mm to 1 m (3.9 in to 39 in)
“B” suffix models: 200 mm to 2 m (7.8 in to 78 in)
“C” suffix models: 300 mm to 3 m (11.8 in to 118 in)

Ultrasonic Frequency
“A” suffix models: 224 kHz
“B” suffix models: 174 kHz
“C” suffix models: 114 kHz

Supply Voltage
10 to 30V dc (10% max. ripple) at 40 mA, exclusive of load

Supply Protection Circuitry
Protected against reverse polarity and transient voltages

Output Configuration
Discrete (switched) output models: SPST solid-state switch. Configurable as NPN (sinking) or PNP (sourcing) via Mode push button. Normally Open (NO) or Normally Closed (NC) operation is also selectable via Mode push button (see Mode Setup - Output Configuration on page 3). The default setting is PNP/NO

Output Rating
Discrete output models: 100 mA max.
OFF-state leakage current: NPN: < 200 μA at 30V dc (see NOTE 1); PNP: < 10 μA at 30V dc
ON-state saturation voltage: NPN: < 1.6V at 100 mA; PNP: < 3V at 100 mA

Output Protection Circuitry
Protected against short circuit conditions

Output Response Time
“A” suffix models: 45 ms
“B” suffix models: 92 ms
“C” suffix models: 135 ms

Delay at Power-up
500 ms

Temperature Effect
0.02% of distance/°C

Repeatability
“A” suffix models: 0.1% of distance (0.5 mm min.)
“B” suffix models: 0.1% of distance (1.0 mm min.)
“C” suffix models: 0.1% of distance (1.5 mm min.)

NOTE 1: NPN < 200 μA for load impedance > 3 kΩ; for load current of 100 mA, leakage < 1% of load current

Sensing Hysteresis
“A” suffix models: 2 mm
“B” suffix models: 3 mm
“C” suffix models: 4 mm

Minimum Window Size
10 mm (0.4 in)

Adjustments
Sensing window limits: TEACH-Mode of near and far window limits may be set using the push button or remotely via TEACH input.

Output Configuration: NPN, PNP, Normally Open (NO), Normally Closed (NC) select (see Mode Setup - Output Configuration on page 3 or Remote Line TEACH on page 6).

Advanced configuration options: Push button enabled/disabled, temperature compensation enabled/disabled (see Remote Line TEACH on page 6)

Indicators
See Figure 1. Features on page 2

Construction
Housing: PBT polyester
Push buttons: polyester
Transducer: epoxy /ceramic composite

Environmental Rating
Leakproof design, rated IP67 (NEMA 6)

Connections
2 m (6.5 ft) or 9 m (30 ft) shielded 4-conductor (with drain) PVC cable, 150 mm (6 in) PUR Euro-style pigtail (QPMA), or 4-pin integral Euro-style connector (Q8)

Operating Conditions
Temperature: −40° to +70° C (~−40° to +158° F)
Humidity: 95% at +50° C (non-condensing)

Vibration and Mechanical Shock
All models meet Mil. Std. 202F requirements method 201A (vibration: 10 to 60 Hz max., double amplitude 0.06 in, max acceleration 10G). Also meets IEC 947-5-2; 30G 11 ms duration, half sine wave

Application Note
The temperature warmup drift upon power-up is less than 1% of the sensing distance.

Certifications
CE Pending

www.bannerengineering.com - tel: 763-544-3164

P/N 138381_web
Rev. E

Controlled Access, Inc. (800) 942-0829 | (330) 273-6185 | Sales@controlledaccess.com

Monitor RD-70 Service & Installation Manual
U-GAGE® T30UX Series with Discrete Output
Performance Curves

With Plate Target (Typical)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Width</th>
<th>Distance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50 mm</td>
<td>200 mm (8.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 mm</td>
<td>400 mm (16.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150 mm</td>
<td>600 mm (24.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 mm</td>
<td>800 mm (32.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250 mm</td>
<td>1000 mm (40.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300 mm</td>
<td>1200 mm (48.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>350 mm</td>
<td>1400 mm (56.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>400 mm</td>
<td>1600 mm (64.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>450 mm</td>
<td>1800 mm (72.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500 mm</td>
<td>2000 mm (80.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

With Rod Target (Typical)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Width</th>
<th>Distance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50 mm</td>
<td>200 mm (8.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 mm</td>
<td>400 mm (16.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150 mm</td>
<td>600 mm (24.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 mm</td>
<td>800 mm (32.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250 mm</td>
<td>1000 mm (40.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300 mm</td>
<td>1200 mm (48.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>350 mm</td>
<td>1400 mm (56.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>400 mm</td>
<td>1600 mm (64.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>450 mm</td>
<td>1800 mm (72.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500 mm</td>
<td>2000 mm (80.0&quot;)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Maximum Target Rotation Angle

Target Rotation (Degrees)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Distance</th>
<th>50 mm</th>
<th>100 mm</th>
<th>150 mm</th>
<th>200 mm</th>
<th>250 mm</th>
<th>300 mm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>500 mm</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000 mm</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1500 mm</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000 mm</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2500 mm</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3000 mm</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Hookups

**NPN (Sinking) Output Selected**

1. 12-30V dc
2. Remote Programming (N.O.)
3. Load
4. Shield

* It is recommended that the shield wire be connected to either earth ground or DC common.

**PNP (Sourcing) Output Selected**

1. 12-30V dc
2. Remote Programming (N.O.)
3. Load
4. Shield

* It is recommended that the shield wire be connected to either earth ground or DC common.

Cable and QD hookups are functionally identical. It is recommended that the shield wire be connected to earth ground. Shielded cordsets are recommended for all QD models.

Dimensions

**Locknut (included with all models)**

- Ø39.6 [1.56”]
- M30 x 1.5
- 3 x 36.1 [1.42”]
- 10 [0.4”]
- 5 [0.2”]

**Washer (included with all models)**

- Ø40 [1.6”]
- Ø30 [1.2”]
- 1.6 [0.06”]

---

www.bannerengineering.com - tel: 763-544-3164

P/N 138381_web

Rev. E
## Quick-Disconnect Cables

4-Pin Threaded M12/Euro-Style Cordsets with Shield

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Length</th>
<th>Style</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
<th>Pinout</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MQDEC2-406</td>
<td>1.83 m (6 ft)</td>
<td>Straight</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td>1 = Brown, 2 = White, 3 = Blue, 4 = Black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MQDEC2-415</td>
<td>4.57 m (15 ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MQDEC2-430</td>
<td>9.14 m (30 ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MQDEC2-406RA</td>
<td>1.83 m (6 ft)</td>
<td>Right-Angle</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MQDEC2-415RA</td>
<td>4.57 m (15 ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MQDEC2-430RA</td>
<td>9.14 m (30 ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Brackets

**SMB30A**
- Right-angle bracket with curved slot for versatile orientation
- Clearance for M6 (¼ in) hardware
- Mounting hole for 30 mm sensor
- 12-ga. stainless steel

**Hole center spacing:** A to B=40
**Hole size:** A=ø 6.3, B= 27.1 x 6.3, C=ø 30.5

**SMB1815SF**
- Swivel with set screws for mounting sensors by the cable hub
- Black reinforced thermoplastic polyester
- Stainless steel swivel locking hardware and hex wrench included

**Hole center spacing:** A = 36.0
**Hole size:** A = ø 5.0, B = ø 15.0

**SMB30FA**
- Swivel bracket with tilt and pan movement for precise adjustment
- Mounting hole for 30 mm sensor
- 12-ga. 304 stainless steel
- Easy sensor mounting to extrude rail T-slot
- Metric and inch size bolt available

**Bolt thread:** SMB30FA, A= 3/8 - 16 x 2 in; SMB30FAM10, A= M10 - 1.5 x 50
**Hole size:** B= ø 30.1

**SMB30SC**
- Swivel bracket with 30 mm mounting hole for sensor
- Black reinforced thermoplastic polyester
- Stainless steel mounting and swivel locking hardware included

**Hole center spacing:** A=ø 50.8
**Hole size:** A=ø 7.0, B= ø 30.0
Banner Engineering Corp Limited Warranty

Banner Engineering Corp. warrants its products to be free from defects in material and workmanship for one year following the date of shipment. Banner Engineering Corp. will repair or replace, free of charge, any product of its manufacture which, at the time it is returned to the factory, is found to have been defective during the warranty period. This warranty does not cover damage or liability for misuse, abuse, or the improper application or installation of the Banner product.

**THIS LIMITED WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE AND IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE), AND WHETHER ARISING UNDER COURSE OF PERFORMANCE, COURSE OF DEALING OR TRADE USAGE.**

This Warranty is exclusive and limited to repair or, at the discretion of Banner Engineering Corp., replacement. **IN NO EVENT SHALL BANNER ENGINEERING CORP. BE LIABLE TO BUYER OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY FOR ANY EXTRA COSTS, EXPENSES, LOSSES, LOSS OF PROFITS, OR ANY INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ANY PRODUCT DEFECT OR FROM THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THE PRODUCT, WHETHER ARISING IN CONTRACT OR WARRANTY, STATUTE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY, NEGLIGENCE, OR OTHERWISE.**

Banner Engineering Corp. reserves the right to change, modify or improve the design of the product without assuming any obligations or liabilities relating to any product previously manufactured by Banner Engineering Corp.
Warranty Information

Seller warrants the goods against defective workmanship and materials provided that Buyer notify Seller within one (1) year after receipt by Buyer of the goods of any claim under this Warranty. The liability of Seller shall be limited to replacing or repairing defective goods returned by Buyer and delivered to the factory of the Seller, transportation charges prepaid.

Replaced or repaired goods will be redelivered freight prepaid to the address of Buyer shown hereon. Except for the Warranty contained herein, there shall be no other warranties, such as warranties of fitness and merchantability or otherwise express or implied, written or verbal, and Seller shall not be liable for consequential damages in any event.